



ESCOLA SUPERIOR DE BIOTECNOLOGIA
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Influence of disinfectant technologies on red bell peppers safety

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Fruits and Vegetables Safety



Contaminated fresh fruits and vegetables



Food-borne illness outbreaks



Serious public health problems !

Fruits and Vegetables Safety

***Conventional
disinfectant
treatments***

Fruits and Vegetables Safety



citric acid

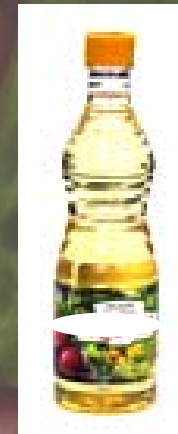


chlorine solutions

Chemical Treatments



hydrogen peroxide



acetic acid

Chlorine

Main application

water disinfection
surfaces disinfection



Characteristics

oxidant agent

lethal or inhibitory effect on microorganisms

broad bactericide spectrum



very reactive and corrosive

chlorine + organic substances → chlorination byproducts (carcinogenic)

irritant action in human body (respiratory system, eyes and skin)

Chlorine solutions

Main application

fruits and vegetables disinfection

Characteristics

lethal or inhibitory effect on microorganisms

E. coli

Salmonella

! residuals



sodium hypochlorite

Hydrogen peroxide

Main application

prevention of post-harvest decay of fruits and vegetables
fruits and vegetables disinfection

Characteristics

oxidant agent

lethal or inhibitory effect on microorganisms

low toxicity rating

little potential for environmental damage



Bacteria

Fungi



products discoloration

Acids



citric acid

Main application

home-disinfection of fruits and vegetables

Characteristics

antimicrobial effect → related with pH

anti-browning agent

lethal or inhibitory effect on microorganisms

low toxicity rating

little potential for environmental damage



acetic acid

Fruits and Vegetables Safety

***Innovative
disinfectant
technologies***

Fruits and Vegetables Safety

Ultraviolet-C radiation



Ultrasonication



Ozone



***Innovative
disinfectant
technologies***

EMERCON

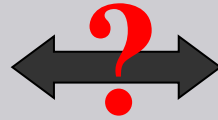
New Processing Technologies for Frozen Fruits and Vegetables
(Projecto AGRO, 2º concurso de 2003, código nº 822)

AGRO - Projecto do Programa Operacional Agricultura e Desenvolvimento
Instituto Nacional de Investigação Agrária

Fruits and Vegetables Safety

objective of the work developed ...

ozone



**traditional
disinfectants**



microbial reduction

Ozone

Main application

water disinfection

air purification

food decontamination

Characteristics

strong oxidant

lethal or inhibitory effect on microorganisms



non-toxic products decomposition



Pilot plant at
Escola Superior de Biotecnologia

Ozone antimicrobial action

Gram positive bacteria

Listeria monocytogenes
Staphylococcus aureus
Bacillus cereus
Enterococcus faecalis

Gram negative bacteria

Pseudomonas aeruginosa
Yersinia enterocolitica

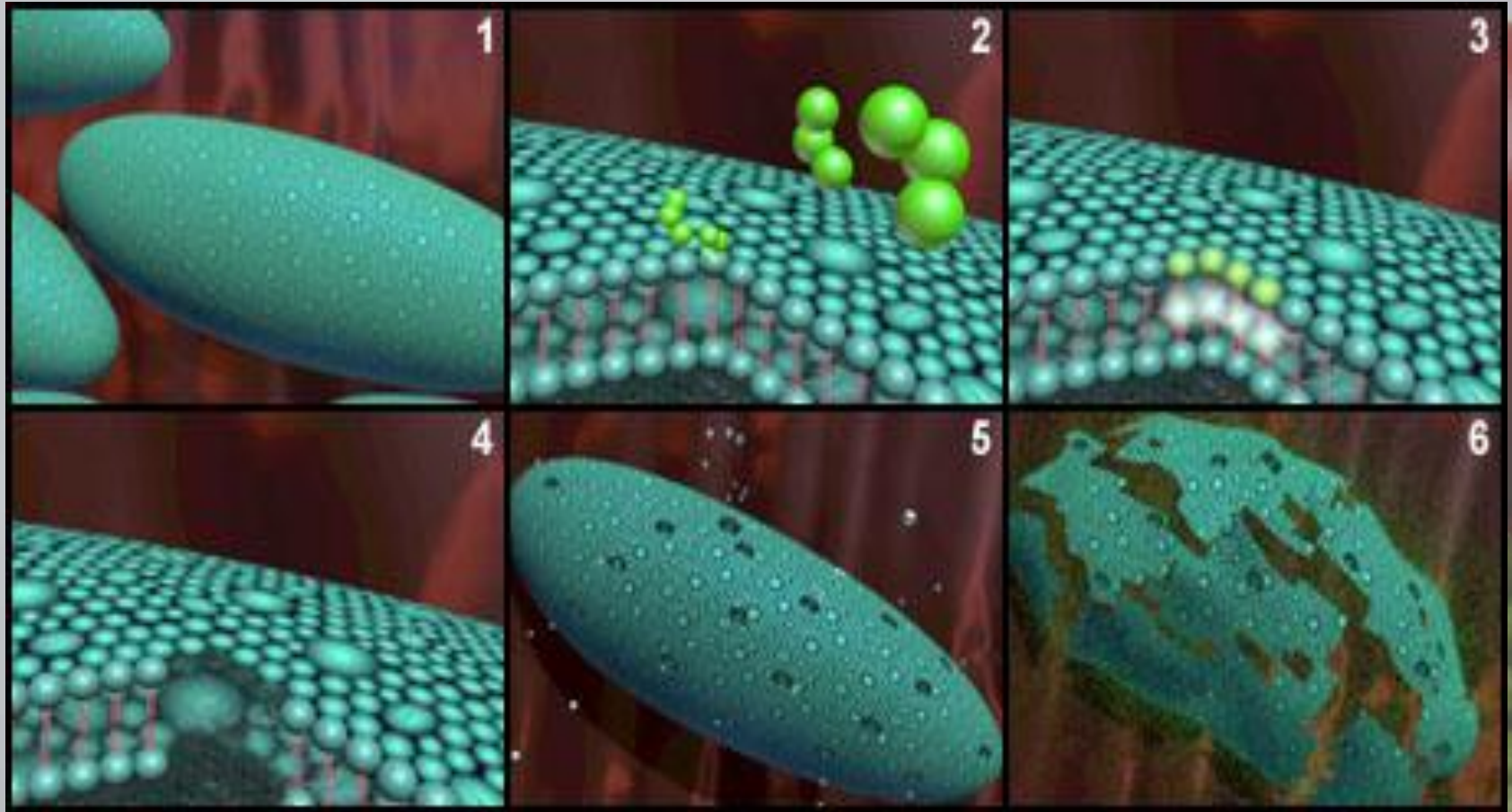
Yeasts

Zygosaccharomyces bacilli
Candida albicans

Spores

Aspergillus niger

Ozone effect on bacteria



Work developed

- Sodium hypochlorite (Amukina)
- H₂O₂ (1 and 5% w/w)
- Ozone (aqueous solution)

reduction of

Listeria innocua

artificial
contamination



Capsicum annuum L.

Ozone (aqueous solution)

reduction of

Listeria innocua

water



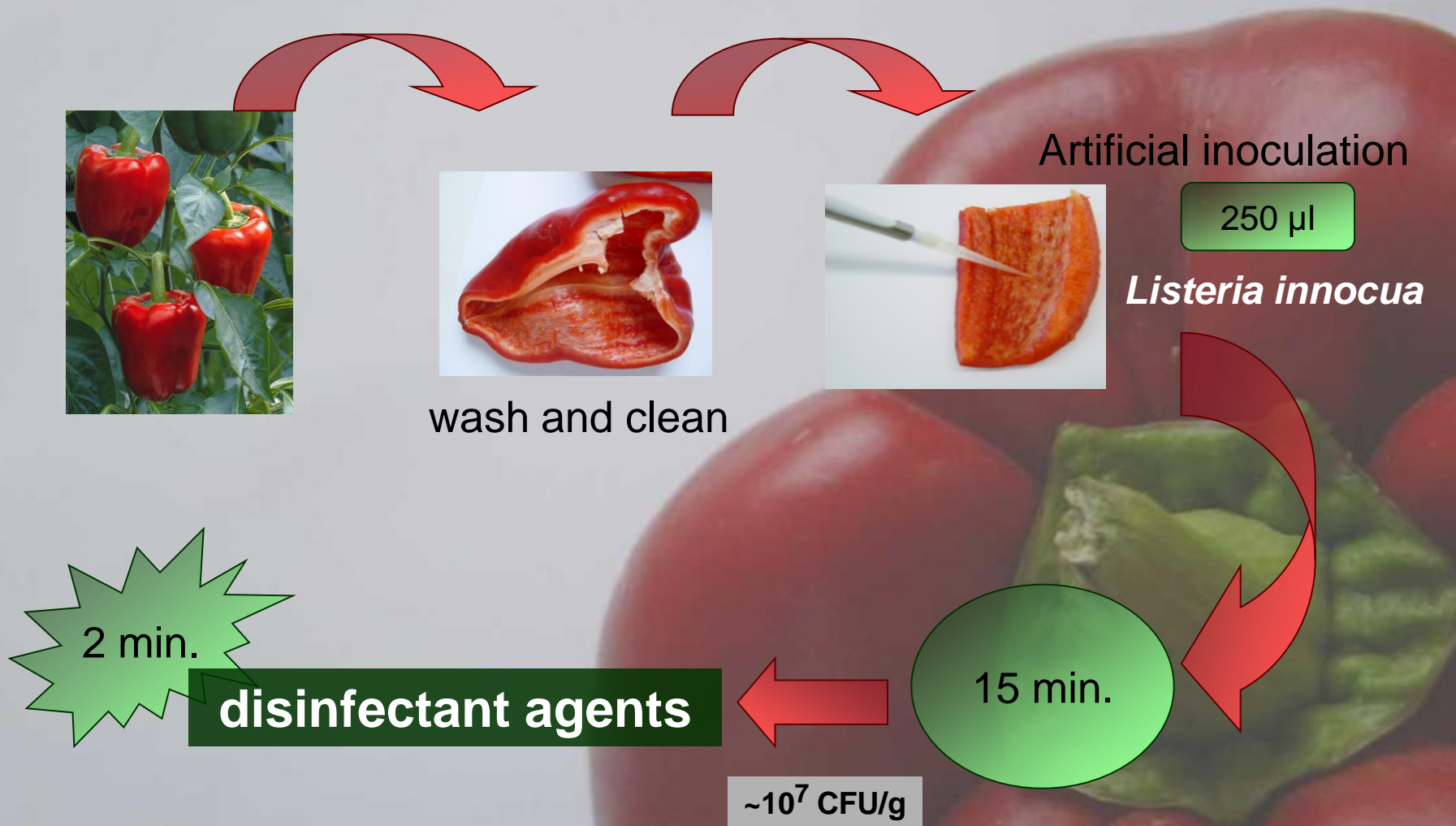
artificial
contamination

Work developed

Why using Listeria innocua ?

- non-pathogenic
- physiologically very close to *L. monocytogenes*
- both can be isolated in the same food products

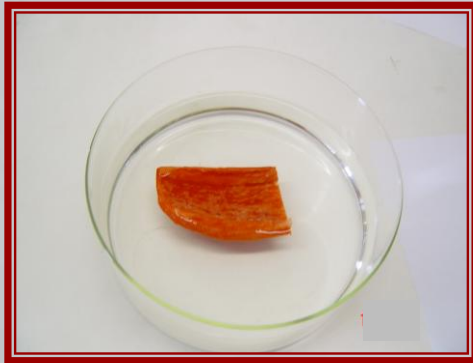
Experimental procedure



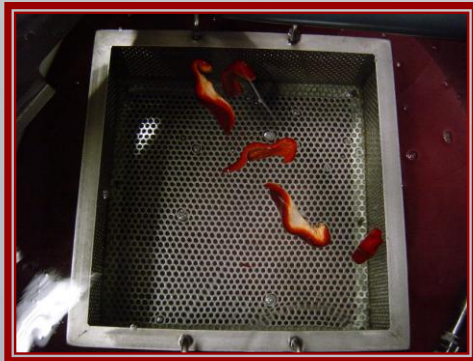
Experimental procedure

disinfectant agents

- sodium hypochlorite (11.5 g/L)
- H_2O_2 (1% and 5% w/w)

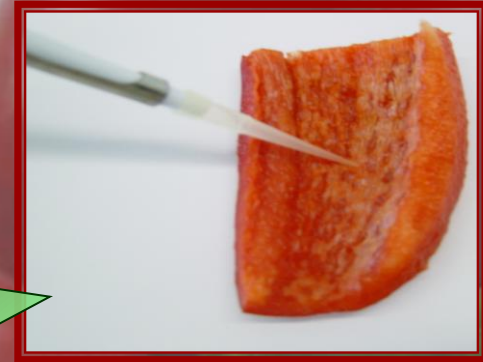


- ozone (~2 p.p.m.)



control

untreated sample



water-washing



5 replicates

Experimental procedure

Listeria innocua enumeration ...

cut in small pieces



Stomacher homogenization



decimal dilutions



3 days at 30 °C



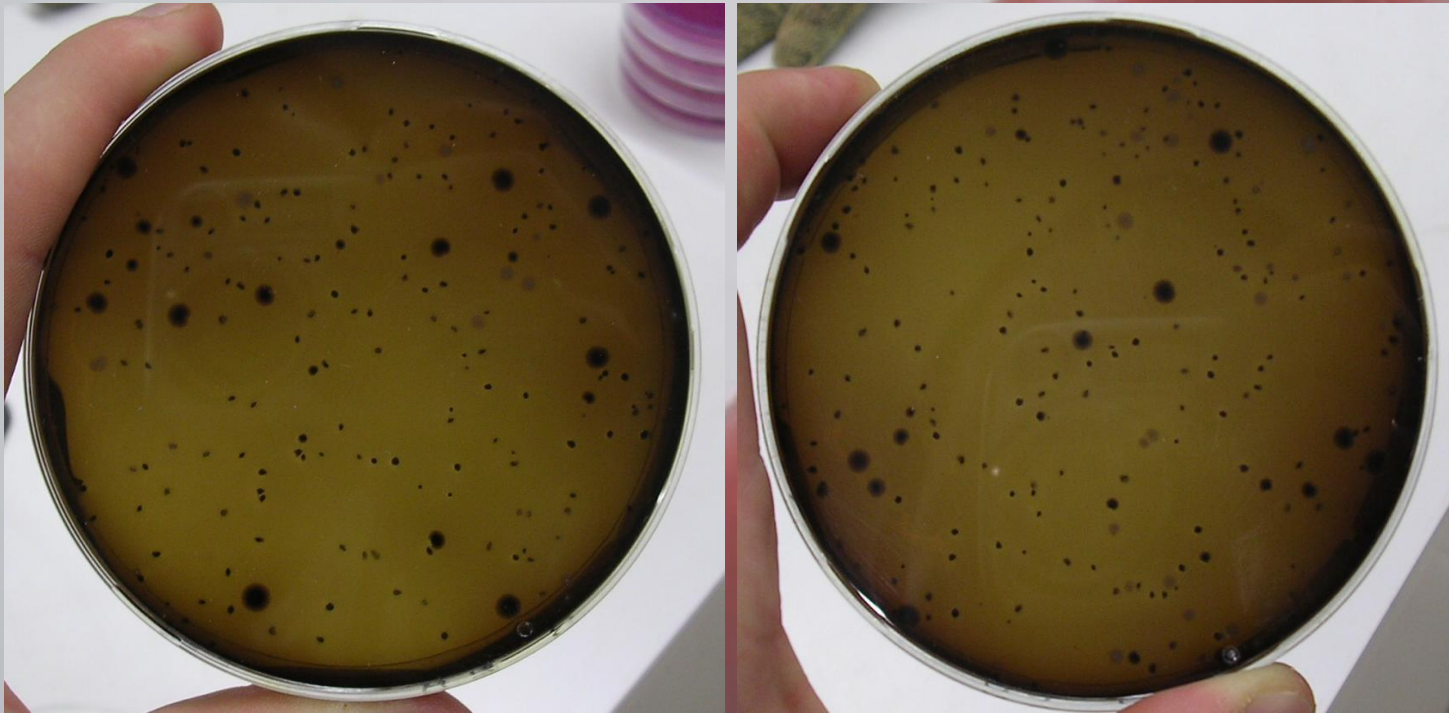
Palcam agar
+ selective supplement



buffered peptone water

Experimental procedure

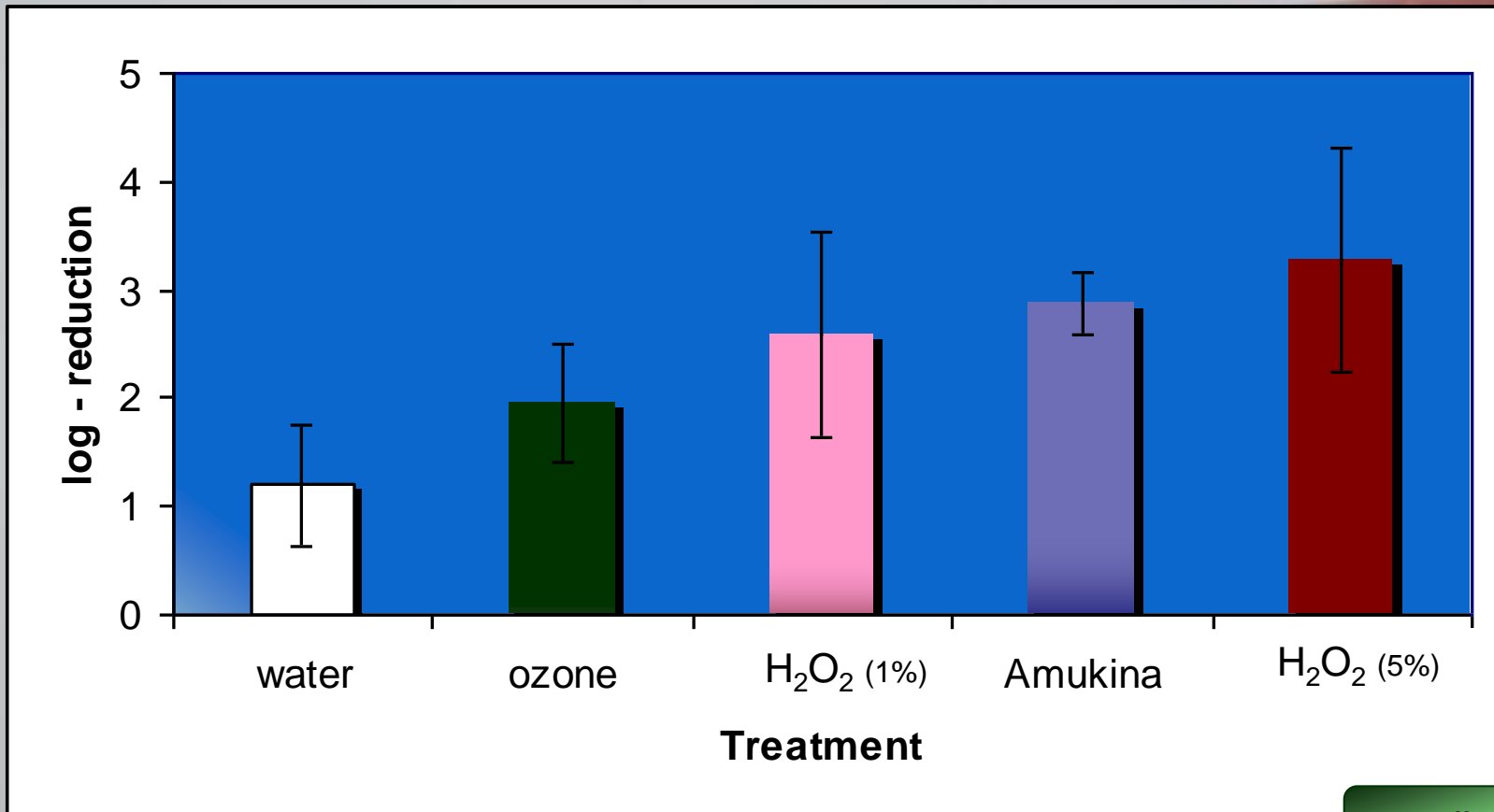
Listeria innocua enumeration ...



in duplicate

Results

Treatment effect on *Listeria innocua* reduction



5 replicates

initial contamination

~10⁷ CFU/g

Results

disinfectant agents

- sodium hypochlorite (11.5 g/L)
- H₂O₂ (1% and 5% w/w)
- Ozone (~2 p.p.m)

control

- water-washings reduced 1.2 ± 0.6 log cycles

no significant effects observed
(ANOVA; significance level of 5%)

2 - 3 log-reductions
of *Listeria innocua*

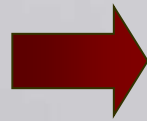
Some interesting results !

Study of ozone effect on *Listeria innocua* in water

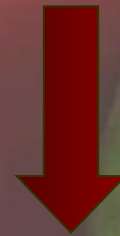
water



artificial
contamination



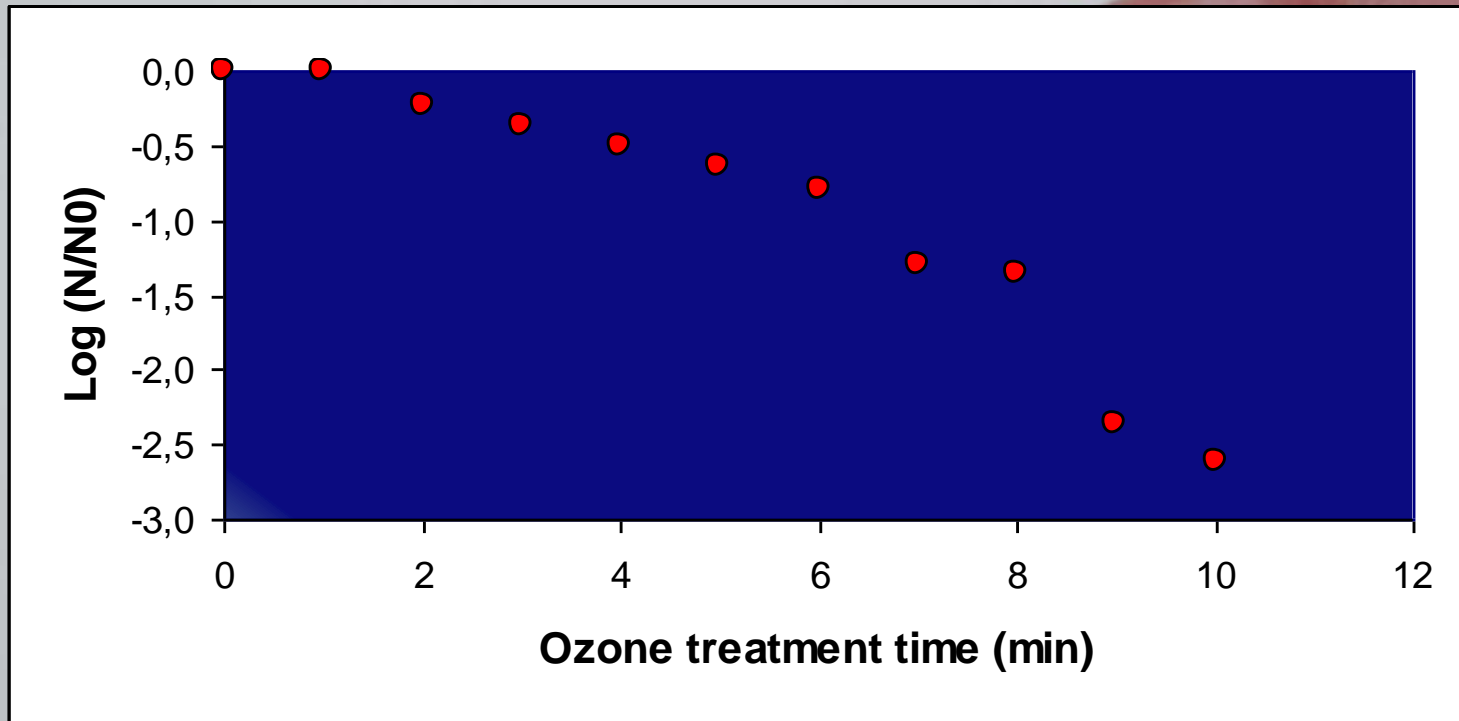
heuristic sampling
every 1 minute → total 10 minutes



Listeria innocua inumeration

Some interesting results !

Kinetics of *Listeria innocua* inactivation in aqueous ozone

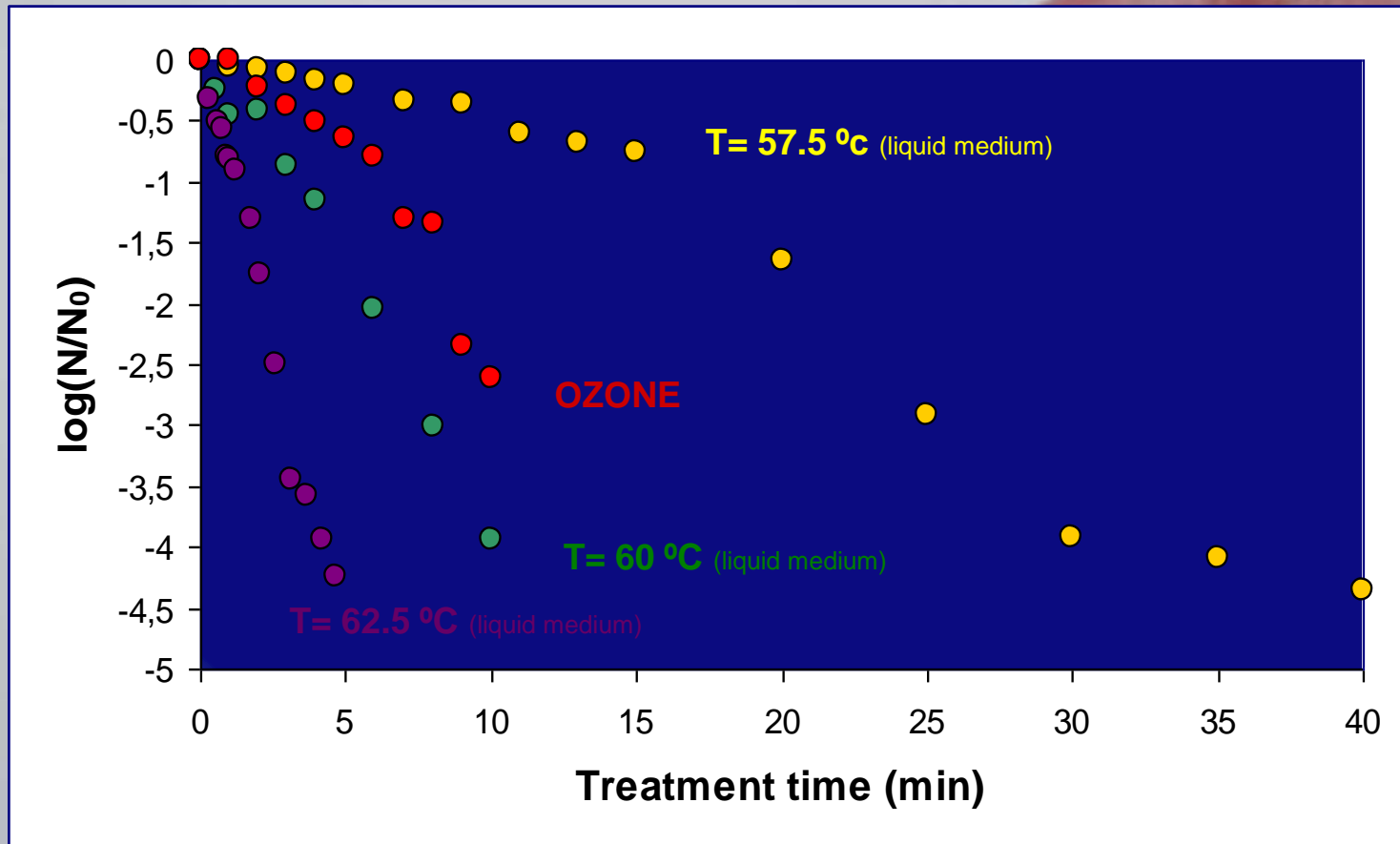


initial contamination

~10⁵ CFU/g

Some interesting results !

Kinetics of *Listeria innocua* inactivation



Conclusions

The use of **ozone** in aqueous solutions allowed identical reductions in *Listeria innocua* of red bell peppers, when compared to solutions of **hydrogen peroxide** and **sodium hypochlorite**.

In average, all treatments allowed a reduction of 2 to 3 log-cycles, which was higher than the reduction observed with water-washings.

Kinetics of *Listeria innocua* inactivation in **ozonated** water was identical to **thermal** inactivation in **liquid medium**.

Conclusions



Acknowledgments



Thank you for your attention

The authors acknowledge the financial support through Programa Operacional Agricultura e Desenvolvimento Rural – Projecto AGRO nº822 (Novas Tecnologias de Processamento de Hortofrutículas Congelados – **EMERCON**).