



DEEP EUTECTIC SOLVENTS AS ALTERNATIVE SOLVENTS IN ANTIMICROBIAL PHOTODYNAMIC THERAPY

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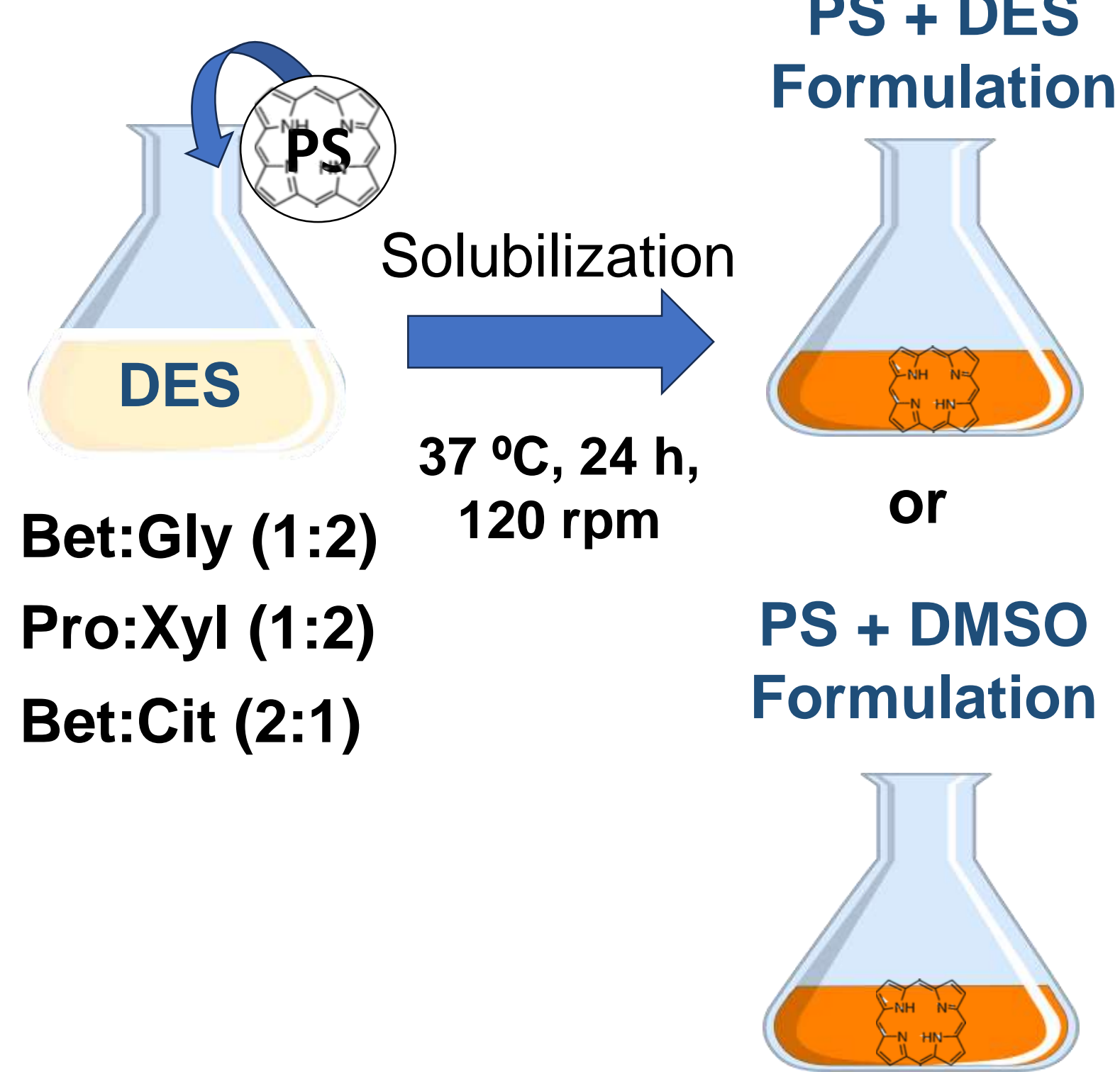
Introduction

- Antimicrobial Photodynamic Therapy (aPDT) is an effective approach against a broad spectrum of microorganisms [1,2];
- The photodynamic efficiency of a photosensitizer (PS) is compromised by its low solubility in aqueous media requiring the use of toxic organic solvents that are often incompatible with their application in the field [3].

Goal

In this study, the potential of Deep Eutectic Solvents (DES) to prepare formulations of PSs with different water-solubilities was investigated.

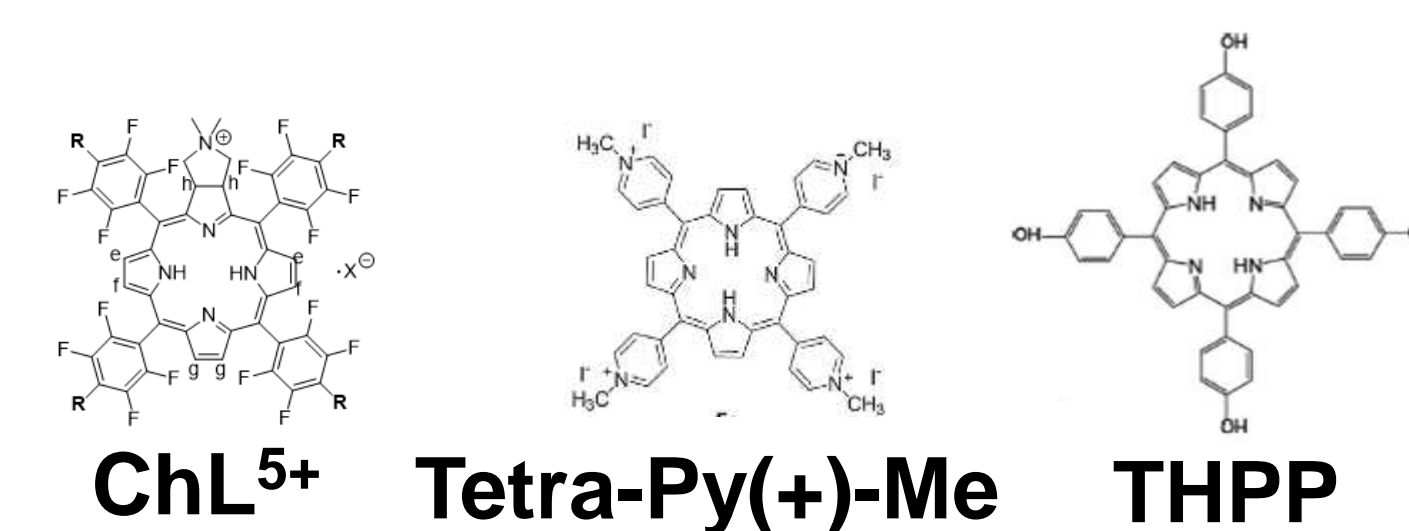
Methodology



Betaine (Bet); Glycerol (Gly); Proline (Pro); Citric acid (Cit); Xylitol (Xyl); Dimethyl sulphoxide (DMSO)

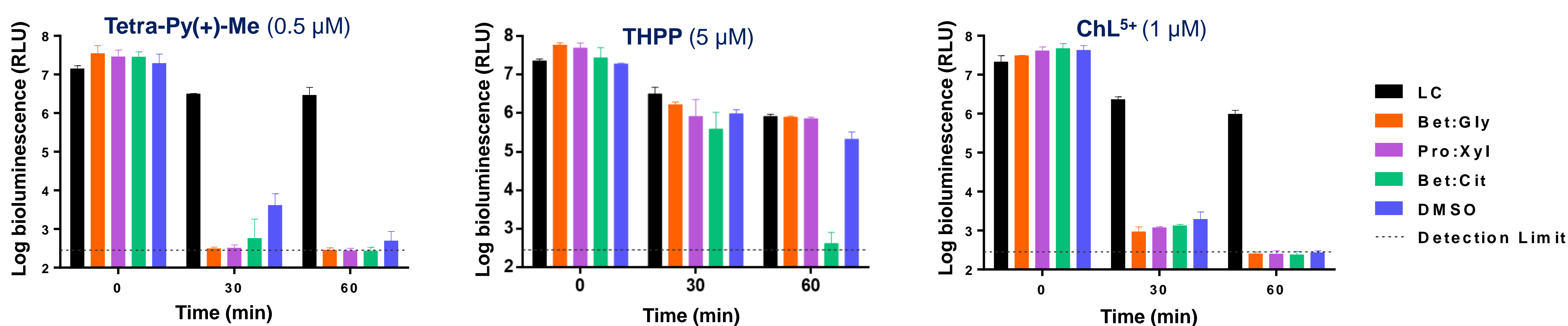
Evaluation of

- PSs solubility
- PSs formulations stability (60 days)
- Cytotoxicity
- Photodynamic activity against *Escherichia coli*



Results

Photodynamic inactivation of *E. coli*

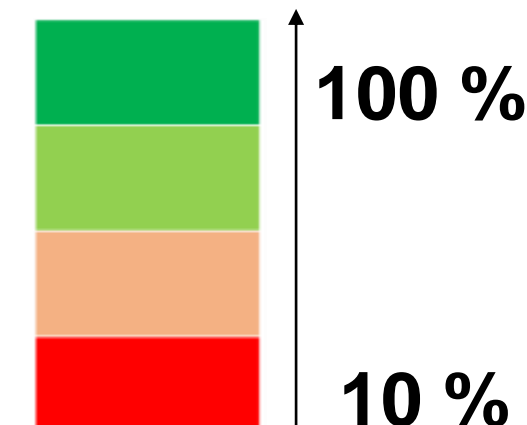


- Bet:gly and pro:xyl have no toxicity towards mammalian cells and improved Tetra-Py(+)-Me photodynamic activity against *E. coli*;
- Bet:cit enhance the photodynamic action of both THPP and Tetra-Py(+)-Me, however it is highly toxic to mammalian cells (> 0.2%).

PSs formulations stability

	Bet:Gly	Pro:Xyl	Bet:Cit	DMSO
Tetra-Py(+)-Me	Green	Green	Green	Green
THPP	Orange	Red	Red	Green
ChL ⁵⁺	Green	Green	Red	Orange

Stability of PSs formulations



All PSs were soluble in the selected DES and their stability was highly depended on the solvent;

Conclusions

The DES herein investigated have a high potential to prepare PSs formulations, in some cases improving the PSs stability and antimicrobial photodynamic activity

References

- [1] Almeida, A. Antibiotics. 2020; 9(4):138.; [2] Vieira, C.; Santos, A.; Mesquita, M.Q.; Gomes, A.T.P.C.; Neves, M.G.P.M.S.; Faustino, M.A.F.; Almeida, A. J. Porphyr. Phthalocyanines. 2019; 23:534–545.; [3] Niculescu A-G, Grumezescu AM. Applied Sciences. 2021; 11(8):3626.

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